

# TAX MATTERS

TAX STRATEGIES FOR YOU AND YOUR BUSINESS

SPRING  
2024

IN THIS  
ISSUE:

- Can A Loan Be Classified As FBT?
- Renting Out All Or Part Of Your Home During The Holidays
- FBT With Festivity? Bringing Cheer To Tax

And More...



skeggs  
goldstien

WEALTH MANAGEMENT | ACCOUNTING | BUSINESS ADVISORY

## Understanding PAYG – A Guide For Employers & Employees

*Whether you're running a business or simply receiving your paycheck as an employee, you've likely come across PAYG withholding.*

It might sound like just another tax-related acronym, but PAYG (Pay As You Go) withholding is a fundamental part of our tax system.

### What is PAYG Withholding?

PAYG withholding is a system that helps employees and the

government by collecting taxes gradually throughout the year rather than in a lump sum at tax time. As an employer, you must withhold a portion of your employee's earnings and send it to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) on their behalf. This withheld amount counts towards the employee's income tax, helping spread their tax obligations over time.

### Why Is PAYG Withholding Important?

For employees, PAYG withholding takes the stress out of tax time. Instead of facing a large tax bill at the

end of the financial year, you've been paying your taxes bit by bit with each paycheck. This can make managing your finances more straightforward and more predictable.

For employers, complying with PAYG withholding obligations ensures that your business stays on the right side of the law. It also demonstrates a commitment to helping your employees meet their tax responsibilities, which can build trust and goodwill within your team.

(cont. p2)

## SKEGGS GOLDSTIEN

35/6 Meridian Place  
BELLA VISTA  
NSW 2153

103/845 Pacific HWY  
CHATSWOOD  
NSW 2057

TEL 1300 753 447

EMAIL  
accounting@sgapl.com.au

WEBSITE  
www.sgapl.com.au

### ACCOUNTANTS/ADVISERS

Jonathan Reynolds  
Adam Goldstien  
Tony Protich  
Loretta Dewsbury

Accounting & Taxation  
Business Advisory  
Financial Planning  
Mortgages  
Self Managed Super Funds  
Wealth Management

## How Does PAYG Withholding Work?

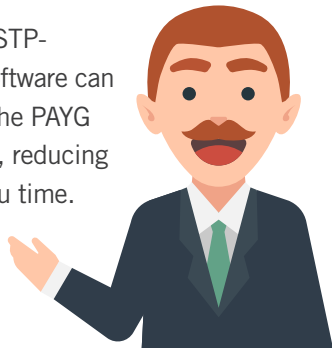
Let's take a closer look at how PAYG withholding works in practice:

- 1 Calculating Withholding Amounts:** As an employer, you calculate how much tax to withhold from your employees' wages based on their income and the information they provide on their Tax File Number (TFN) declaration form. The ATO provides tables and calculators to help you determine the correct amount.
- 2 Withholding the Tax:** When you pay your employees, you withhold the calculated amount from their gross pay. This withheld amount is then reported and paid to the ATO.
- 3 Reporting and Paying to the ATO:** You're required to report the amounts you've withheld to the ATO, usually through the Business Activity Statement (BAS) or an Instalment Activity Statement (IAS). You must also pay these amounts to the ATO by the due date.
- 4 End-of-Year Reconciliation:** At the end of the financial year, you'll provide your employees with a payment summary or an income statement through Single Touch Payroll (STP). This document shows how much tax was withheld during the year, and employees will use this information to complete their tax returns.

### TIPS FOR EMPLOYERS

Managing PAYG withholding can seem like a big responsibility, but with a few simple practices, it can become a smooth part of your business operations:

- **Stay Organised:** Keep accurate records of all wages paid and amounts withheld. This will make it easier to report to the ATO.
- **Use ATO Resources:** The ATO offers a range of tools to help you calculate withholding amounts and understand your reporting obligations. Don't hesitate to make use of them.
- **Consider Software:** STP-compliant payroll software can automate much of the PAYG withholding process, reducing errors and saving you time.



### FOR EMPLOYEES: UNDERSTANDING YOUR PAYSリップ

As an employee, your payslip is key to understanding how much of your income is being withheld for tax purposes. Look for the section that shows your gross pay, the amount withheld for PAYG, and your net pay (what you take home). If you're ever unsure about how much tax is being withheld or why, your employer's payroll department should be able to clarify.

PAYG withholding might seem like a complex part of the tax system, but it's designed to make life easier for employers and employees. By understanding how it works, you can ensure that you're meeting your tax obligations smoothly and avoiding any surprises come tax time.



Whether you're an employer making sure your business is compliant or an employee wanting to understand your payslip better, knowing the basics of PAYG withholding can help you feel more confident and in control.



## REMEMBER!

Plenty of resources, including our trusted team of advisers, are available to help if you ever feel unsure. When it comes to taxes, a little knowledge goes a long way!

## Bottoms Up – What A New Proposed Excise Determination Could Do To The Price Of Your Favourite Beverage

*If your favourite drink at the pub or the bottle shop is a seltzer, ginger beer or craft beer, a new proposed draft excise determination may strain your wallet from a potential price increase driven by higher taxes.*

The Australian Tax Office (ATO) is proposing a new definition of “beer” for tax purposes, which could lead to higher taxes—and potentially higher prices—on certain alcoholic beverages.

The ATO filed the proposed excise determination in September 2024. If it passes, it will take effect from 1 February 2025.

### What’s Proposed?

Presently, beer is taxed differently than other alcoholic drinks, with a portion of its alcohol content being excise-free.

However, the ATO’s proposed changes will tighten the definition of beer, requiring it to be brewed from cereals, have a bitter taste, and meet specific alcohol content limits.

This means that drinks like hard seltzers, alcoholic ginger beers, and some craft beers may no longer qualify for the current beer tax rate.

The proposed new rules would subject drinks that do not fit the updated “beer” definition to higher taxes, similar to those

imposed on spirits. This could result in a price increase for many favourite beverages.

### What’s the Impact?

Under the revised rules, drinks like seltzers, which are brewed similarly to beer but contain fruit flavours or other non-traditional ingredients, would no longer benefit from the beer excise exemption.

Instead, these beverages will be taxed at a higher rate, which could make them more expensive to purchase.

### What Can You Do?

It’s important for businesses that sell alcoholic beverages to be aware of and potentially start preparing for these changes. Knowing how the proposed excise rules will affect pricing will help them stay ahead of the curve and comply with the tax obligations.

If you have any concerns or need assistance understanding these proposed adjustments, we are here to help you work through this potential transition.

---

## Hiring Employees for the Festive Season? Essential Tax Tips to Keep in Mind

*With the festive season approaching, many businesses are gearing up for potentially increased demand or to prepare for the new calendar year by hiring new employees.*

While it’s an exciting time, it’s essential to stay on top of your tax obligations as an employer. Here are some handy tips to help you navigate this busy period smoothly.

### 1. Withholding the Right Amount of Tax

It’s crucial to ensure you’re withholding the correct amount of tax from your employee’s wages. Doing so will help them avoid unexpected tax liabilities at the end of the year. You can rely on your payroll software, the ATO’s tax tables, or the online tax withheld calculator to get this right.

### 2. Single Touch Payroll (STP) Reporting

If you’re not already reporting through Single Touch Payroll (STP), now’s the time to start. New employers are required to report from their first payday. The good news? Once you’re reporting through STP, there’s no need to send TFN

declarations separately to the ATO—just keep them on record.

### 3. Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT)

If you’re providing additional benefits to your employees, such as festive season gifts or hosting a Christmas party, you may also need to consider Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT). It’s important to check whether any benefits provided fall under FBT and if any exemptions apply, like the “minor benefits” exemption for small, infrequent perks. If hiring a new employee prior to purchasing these benefits, consider if they will also be receiving them.

Staying compliant with your tax obligations helps you avoid unnecessary stress and keeps your business running smoothly.

For more information or support, feel free to reach out, and we’ll ensure you’re all set for the festive season!

---

# Property Management Data Matching: Helping Property Owners Get It Right

*As an investment property owner, keeping up with your tax obligations can feel overwhelming, especially with recent changes to the property management data matching protocol.*

As an investment property owner, keeping up with your tax obligations can feel overwhelming, especially with recent changes to the property management data matching protocol.

This extension means that the ATO is now receiving more detailed information about your rental property, including rent and expenses.

With data coming from software providers, banks, rental bond authorities, and even sharing economy platforms, it's easier than ever for common mistakes to be flagged.

Here are some frequent errors that the ATO has noted from property owners:

## 1 Reporting Net Rent Instead of Gross Income

Some owners deduct expenses from their rental income and then claim those expenses again. Remember, you need to report gross income and then claim your expenses separately.

## 2 Forgetting to Include a Property

It happens! Sometimes, a rental property is left off a tax return entirely. Make sure every property you own is accounted for.

## 3 Multiple Owners, One Reporter

If your property has multiple owners, each person must report their share of the income and expenses, not just one.

## 4 Missed Rental Income on Tenanted Properties

If you buy a property with tenants and plan to move in later, don't forget to report the rental income you received during the interim period.

## 5 Misreporting Repairs and Maintenance

There's often confusion between repairs and larger capital works. Make sure you're only claiming repairs, not improvements or depreciating assets.

**The goal isn't just to catch mistakes—it's to help rental property owners like you stay on track.**

Providing education and support ensures that everyone can meet their obligations, including capital gains tax (CGT) on rental properties.

If any of these issues sound familiar, now's the time to review your tax returns and make any necessary corrections. As always, we're here to help you get it right.



# Can A Loan Be Classified As FBT?

*As an employer, you might find yourself in situations where you lend money to your employees.*

Whether to help them out during a tough time or as part of a work-related arrangement, these loans can have certain tax implications, particularly regarding Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT).

## WHAT IS A LOAN FRINGE BENEFIT?

When you lend money to an employee at an interest rate below the statutory interest rate—or even at no interest—the ATO considers this a loan fringe benefit. Simply put, you're offering your employee a financial benefit that the tax system recognises as part of their overall remuneration package.

But what exactly counts as a loan? It's not just money you hand over with the understanding it will be repaid. It also includes situations where an employee owes you money, and you decide not to enforce repayment by the due date.

## ARE THERE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Not every loan you make to an employee is subject to FBT. There are specific exemptions:

1. **Business Loans:** If your business is in the lending industry, and the interest rate you charge the employee is at least equal to what you would charge the general public on a similar loan, the loan is exempt from FBT.
2. **Employment-Related Expenses:** If the loan is an advance for the employee to cover work-related expenses within six months of receiving the loan, it's also exempt.
3. **Security Deposit on Accommodation:** Loans given as an advance to pay for a security deposit on accommodation may be exempt, provided the accommodation itself is an exempt benefit or qualifies for reduced taxable value under relocation concessions. The advance must be repaid within 12 months.

## DEBT WAIVER FRINGE BENEFITS

What happens if you decide to waive an employee's debt, meaning they no longer need to repay the loan? This is known as a debt waiver fringe benefit. For example, if you sell goods to an employee and later tell them they don't need to pay the invoice, you've provided a debt waiver fringe benefit.

However, if you write off a debt for reasons unrelated to the employment relationship—perhaps because the debt is genuinely bad—it doesn't count as a fringe benefit.

## CALCULATING THE TAXABLE VALUE

When you provide a loan or debt waiver fringe benefit, you need to determine its taxable value:

- **Loan Fringe Benefits:** The taxable value is the difference between the interest that would have been charged if the statutory interest rate applied, and the actual interest you charged. For instance, if the statutory rate is 4.52% and you charge 4%, the taxable value is the difference in the interest amounts at these rates.
- **Debt Waiver Fringe Benefits:** The taxable value is simply the total amount of the debt you've released, including any accrued interest.

GST does not affect the taxable value of either loan or debt waiver fringe benefits. You'll calculate your FBT using the lower (type 2) gross-up rate.

## SO WHAT SHOULD YOU DO IF YOU PROVIDE A LOAN OR DEBT WAIVER FRINGE BENEFIT?

If you provide these types of benefits, there are several vital steps to take:

1. **Determine the Taxable Value:** Work out the taxable value of the benefit.
2. **Calculate FBT:** Calculate the FBT payable on the benefit.
3. **Lodge Your FBT Return:** Ensure you lodge your FBT return by the due date.
4. **Pay the FBT Amount:** Make sure you pay the calculated FBT amount.
5. **Reporting:** Check whether the fringe benefit should be reported through Single Touch Payroll or on your employee's payment summary.

Loans and FBT might seem complex, but with a clear understanding of how they work, you can manage them confidently and ensure compliance with tax regulations.

Always remember that staying informed and keeping good records is the key to handling these situations. And if you're ever unsure, don't hesitate to seek advice from a tax professional.

After all, ensuring your employees are well-supported while meeting your obligations is a win-win for everyone.

# Renting Out All Or Part Of Your Home During The Holidays

*As the holiday season approaches, many homeowners may consider renting out their homes or a part of them to earn extra income, particularly in areas with high tourist traffic.*



Platforms like Airbnb or Stayz make it easy to list your property or part of your property and connect with travellers.



However, before you enter the sharing economy in any form, you should consider some important tax considerations.



## Income and Deductions: Keeping Track of Earnings

When you rent out all or part of your home, any income you earn must be declared in your income tax return.

It is essential to keep accurate records of all the money you make through these platforms. This includes rent payments and additional charges for cleaning or providing breakfast.

Conversely, you may also claim deductions for certain expenses related to renting out your home. These may include:

- **Mortgage interest:** If you're still paying off your home, the interest on your mortgage may be deductible.
- **Property maintenance:** Costs for cleaning, repairs, and general upkeep of the rental space.
- **Utilities:** If your utility bills, such as electricity, gas, and water, relate to the rented space, a portion may be deductible.
- **Depreciation:** You may be able to claim depreciation on furniture and appliances used in the rental.

Make sure to keep detailed records of these expenses, as they can help reduce your taxable income. If in doubt, speak with your registered tax agent to double-check what may apply to your circumstances.



## GST and Renting Out Residential Property

One question that often arises is whether you need to pay Goods and Services Tax (GST) on the income you earn from renting out your home. The good news is that GST does not apply to residential rent. This means that even though you're earning money through platforms like Airbnb, you don't need to worry about adding GST to your rental charges or reporting it in your BAS (Business Activity Statement).

However, different rules apply when renting commercial residential premises, such as a boarding house. In that case,

you would have specific income tax and GST obligations. But GST won't be a concern for most people simply renting out their home or a room within it.



## A Warning – Capital Gains Tax

Now that you have started renting out part or all of your main residence, it is also now subject to Capital Gains Tax when you sell it.

You must also obtain a valuation from the day it started earning rent.

It is very important that you first talk to us to understand what this means to you going forward, including just how much tax you will need to pay and what the record-keeping requirements are.



## What About Additional Services?

You might consider offering additional services to make your listing more attractive, such as breakfast, laundry services, or cleaning during a guest's stay. While these extras can enhance the guest experience, they don't necessarily mean you're running a business or providing a "board."

In most cases, you're still simply renting out your space even with these additional services. It's rare for renting out a home to be considered a business, so your tax obligations will remain focused on reporting rental income and claiming related deductions.

The holiday season is a great time to take advantage of the sharing economy by renting out your home or a part of it. By understanding your tax obligations and keeping good records, you can enjoy the extra income without any surprises.

Whether you're renting out a room or your entire home, staying informed about what you need to declare and what you can deduct will ensure you're fully prepared when tax time comes around.

So, as you prepare your home for (paying) holiday guests, remember to keep track of your earnings and expenses. With the right approach, you can make the most of the holiday season and enjoy the benefits of being part of the sharing economy.



# 10 Steps To Navigating A Deceased Loved One's Tax Obligation

*Losing someone close to you is one of the hardest things we go through in life. During such times, dealing with practical matters like tax can feel overwhelming.*

But remember, you don't have to handle everything at once, and you certainly don't have to do it alone. Here's a gentle guide to help you navigate the tax obligations that come after the death of a loved one.



## 1 Look After Yourself First

First and foremost, your well-being is the most important thing right now.

It's okay to take a step back and breathe. If you're feeling overwhelmed, reach out to friends or family, or consider talking to someone through a confidential counselling service.



## 2 Pause Tax Correspondence

Tax is likely the last thing on your mind. You can pause any tax-related correspondence by contacting the ATO to inform them that your loved one has passed.



## 3 Deciding Who Manages the Estate

When you're ready, the first step in managing your loved one's financial affairs is determining who will take on this responsibility. If there's a will naming an executor, this person typically manages the estate. Without a will, the next of kin may step into this role.

Finalising a deceased estate can take time (usually between 6 and 12 months), but settling any tax obligations before distributing the estate's assets is important.



## 4 Don't Hesitate to Seek Help

If managing your loved one's tax affairs feels daunting, don't hesitate to seek help. A registered tax agent, like us, or the ATO can guide you through the necessary steps. You might also find helpful information through Services Australia or your state's supreme court or

public trustee websites, especially if you need advice on more complex matters like contesting a will or applying for probate.



## 5 Probate and Letters of Administration

In some cases, you may need to apply for a grant of probate or letters of administration to manage the deceased's estate. These court-issued documents give you full authority to handle the estate's tax affairs and access relevant information.

However, for smaller estates, this might not be necessary. It's always good to check with the ATO or a legal professional to understand what's required in your situation.



## 6 ATO Notify the ATO About Managing the Estate

Once you've taken on the role of managing the estate, notify the ATO. This helps ensure that all tax records are updated and that you have the authority to handle any outstanding tax matters. access relevant information.



## 7 Handling Business Tax Obligations

If your loved one was involved in a business, whether as a sole trader or partner, there are additional steps to take. You may need to lodge a final Business Activity Statement (BAS) and handle any other outstanding tax returns. Depending on the business structure, you may also need to seek advice on how the partnership or business will be managed moving forward.



## 8 Lodging the Final Tax Return

One of the key tasks is to lodge a final tax return for your loved one, known as a "date of death" tax return. This covers the income year up to the date they passed away. If there are any outstanding tax returns from previous years, these will need to be lodged as well.



## 9 Lodging Tax Returns for the Estate

While there are no inheritance taxes in Australia, the deceased estate may generate income, such as rental income or dividends from shares. In this case, you'll need to lodge trust tax returns for the estate until it's finalised.



## 10 Finalising Tax Affairs

Before distributing the estate's assets to beneficiaries, ensure all tax obligations are fully settled. As the legal personal representative, you are responsible for paying any outstanding tax liabilities from the estate's assets. Failing to do so could make you personally liable, so it's important to double-check everything before making the final distribution.

Managing the tax obligations after losing a loved one is never easy, but remember that help is available every step of the way.

Take your time, seek support when needed, and focus on what matters the most—taking care of yourself and honouring your loved one's memory. **We are always here to help you if needed.**

# FBT With Festivity? Bringing Cheer To Tax

*When running a business, creating a positive and engaging environment for your employees is key to success.*

Whether you're throwing a Christmas party, organising a recreation day, or hosting a seminar, these events can boost morale and strengthen your team.

However, it's essential to understand how Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) applies to these activities.

## CHRISTMAS PARTIES:

Festive Cheer with FBT Considerations



Christmas parties are a popular way to celebrate the year's end and show your team appreciation. But before you deck the halls, consider the FBT implications.

- **On-Site Christmas Parties:** If you hold the party on your business premises during a working day, the costs for employees are generally exempt from FBT. However, if you invite associates of employees, such as family members, FBT may apply to their portion of the costs.
- **Off-Site Christmas Parties:** If the party is held off-site, FBT is usually applicable if the cost per employee (and any associates) exceeds \$300. This \$300 threshold is known as the minor benefits exemption and can help reduce your FBT liability if costs are kept under this amount per person.

## RECREATION DAYS:

Fun with a Tax Twist



Recreation days, such as team-building retreats or sports days, are excellent for fostering teamwork and boosting morale. Before taking a swing, let's take a look at some potential FBT implications.

- **On-Site Recreation Days:** Similar to on-site Christmas parties, if the event is held at your business premises and is primarily for employees, it's generally exempt from FBT.
- **Off-Site Recreation Days:** The same \$300 minor benefits exemption applies if you take your team off-site. If the total cost per employee exceeds this amount, FBT is likely to apply.

## SEMINARS AND TRAINING EVENTS:

Learning Without the Tax Burden



Seminars and training events are crucial for professional development. Fortunately, most of these activities are exempt from FBT.

- **Work-Related Seminars:** If the event's primary purpose is to train or educate employees about their employment, it's generally exempt from FBT. This includes seminars, conferences, and workshops directly related to your business activities.
- **Combining Business and Leisure:** If the event combines work and leisure (like a conference held in a resort), only the work-related portion may be exempt from FBT. The leisure component could be subject to FBT unless it qualifies for the minor benefits exemption.

## OTHER EVENTS:

Celebrations and Gatherings



Other business-related events, such as end-of-financial-year celebrations or client entertainment, also have FBT implications to consider.

- **Client Entertainment:** Costs associated with entertaining clients are generally not subject to FBT, as they're not considered a fringe benefit. However, these costs may not be deductible for income tax purposes.
- **Employee Celebrations:** If you host events to celebrate business milestones or achievements, FBT may apply depending on the cost per head and whether the minor benefits exemption can be applied.

### A Few Tips for Managing FBT on Entertainment

**Track Costs:** Keep detailed records of all expenses related to entertainment events, including who attended and the event's purpose. This will help you accurately determine FBT liability.

**Apply the Minor Benefits Exemption:** Where possible, keep costs under the \$300 per person threshold to benefit from the minor benefits exemption.

**Consult a Tax Professional:** Entertainment-related FBT can be complex, and it's easy to overlook some details. Consulting a tax professional can help ensure you're fully compliant while making the most of available exemptions.

Understanding how FBT applies to common business entertainment scenarios can help you plan enjoyable and tax-efficient events.

Whether it's a Christmas party, a recreation day, or a seminar, knowing the FBT implications allows you to focus on what matters - creating memorable experiences for your team.

By being mindful of the rules and exemptions, you can celebrate your team's successes and foster a positive work environment without unexpected tax surprises. We're also here to help if you need it.